

SO. CAL. EQUAL ACCESS GROUP  
Jason J. Kim (SBN 190246)  
Jason Yoon (SBN 306137)  
101 S. Western Ave., Second Floor  
Los Angeles, CA 90004  
Telephone: (213) 205-6560  
cm@SoCalEAG.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff  
NELSON CHILIN

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

NELSON CHILIN,  
  
Plaintiff,  
  
vs.

MHC 81 (UPLAND CA) LLC; and DOES  
1 to 10,  
  
Defendants.

**Case No.:**

COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE  
RELIEF AND DAMAGES FOR DENIAL  
OF CIVIL RIGHTS OF A DISABLED  
PERSON IN VIOLATIONS OF

1. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES  
ACT, 42 U.S.C. §12131 et seq.;
2. CALIFORNIA’S UNRUH CIVIL  
RIGHTS ACT;
3. CALIFORNIA’S DISABLED  
PERSONS ACT;
4. CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY  
CODE;
5. NEGLIGENCE

Plaintiff NELSON CHILIN (“Plaintiff”) complains of Defendants MHC 81  
(UPLAND CA) LLC; and DOES 1 to 10 (“Defendants”) and alleges as follows:

**PARTIES**

1. Plaintiff is a California resident with a physical disability. Plaintiff is a  
paraplegic and is substantially limited in his ability to walk. Plaintiff requires the use of a  
wheelchair at all times when traveling in public.

3. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise of Defendant DOES 1 through 10, and each of them, are unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will ask leave of Court to amend this Complaint when the true names and capacities have been ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and, based thereon, alleges that each such fictitiously named Defendants are responsible in some manner, and therefore, liable to Plaintiff for the acts herein alleged.

5. Whenever and wherever reference is made in this Complaint to any act or failure to act by a defendant or Defendants, such allegations and references shall also be deemed to mean the acts and failures to act of each Defendant acting individually, jointly and severally.

6. The Court has jurisdiction of this action pursuant to 28 USC §§ 1331 and 1343 for violation of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, (42 USC §12101, *et seq.*).

8. Plaintiff's claims are authorized by 28 USC §§ 2201 and 2202.

1           9.     Venue is proper in this court pursuant to 28 USC §1391(b). The real  
2 property which is the subject of this action is located in this district, San Bernardino  
3 County, California, and that all actions complained of herein take place in this district.

4                                   **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

5           10.    In or about January of 2025, Plaintiff went to the Business.

6           11.    The Business is a public storage facility business establishment, open to the  
7 public, and is a place of public accommodation that affects commerce through its  
8 operation. Defendants provide parking spaces for customers.

9           12.    While attempting to enter the Business during each visit, Plaintiff personally  
10 encountered a number of barriers that interfered with his ability to use and enjoy the  
11 goods, services, privileges, and accommodations offered at the Business.

12          13.    To the extent of Plaintiff's personal knowledge, the barriers at the Business  
13 included, but were not limited to, the following:

14               a.     Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
15 the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
16 failed to post required signage such as "Minimum Fine \$250" and  
17 "Unauthorized Parking."

18               b.     Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
19 the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
20 failed to provide proper van accessible space designated for the  
21 persons with disabilities as there were no "NO PARKING" markings  
22 painted on the surface of the access aisle. Additionally, the access  
23 aisle did not meet the minimum required 96-inch width.

24               c.     Defendants failed to comply with the federal and state standards for  
25 the parking space designated for persons with disabilities. Defendants  
26 failed to provide an access aisle with level surface slope.

27          14.    These barriers and conditions denied Plaintiff full and equal access to the  
28 Business and caused Plaintiff difficulty and frustration. Plaintiff wishes to return and

1 patronize the Business; however, Plaintiff is deterred from visiting the Business because  
 2 his knowledge of these violations prevents him from returning until the barriers are  
 3 removed.

4 15. Based on the violations, Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that  
 5 there are additional barriers to accessibility at the Business after further site inspection.  
 6 Plaintiff seeks to have all barriers related to his disability remedied. *See Doran v. 7-*  
 7 *Eleven, Inc.* 524 F.3d 1034 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2008).

8 16. In addition, Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that Defendants  
 9 knew that particular barriers render the Business inaccessible, violate state and federal  
 10 law, and interfere with access for the physically disabled.

11 17. At all relevant times, Defendants had and still have control and dominion  
 12 over the conditions at this location and had and still have the financial resources to  
 13 remove these barriers without much difficulty or expenses to make the Business  
 14 accessible to the physically disabled in compliance with ADDAG and Title 24  
 15 regulations. Defendants have not removed such barriers and have not modified the  
 16 Business to conform to accessibility regulations.

### 17 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### 18 **VIOLATION OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990**

19 18. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
 20 paragraphs in this complaint.

21 19. Under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (“ADA”), no individual  
 22 shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of  
 23 the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of any place of  
 24 public accommodation by any person who owns, leases, or leases to, or operates a place  
 25 of public accommodation. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).

26 20. Discrimination, *inter alia*, includes:

- 27 a. A failure to make reasonable modification in policies, practices, or  
 28 procedures, when such modifications are necessary to afford such

1 goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations  
2 to individuals with disabilities, unless the entity can demonstrate that  
3 making such modifications would fundamentally alter the nature of  
4 such goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or  
5 accommodations. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(ii).

6 b. A failure to take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that no  
7 individual with a disability is excluded, denied services, segregated or  
8 otherwise treated differently than other individuals because of the  
9 absence of auxiliary aids and services, unless the entity can  
10 demonstrate that taking such steps would fundamentally alter the  
11 nature of the good, service, facility, privilege, advantage, or  
12 accommodation being offered or would result in an undue burden. 42  
13 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iii).

14 c. A failure to remove architectural barriers, and communication barriers  
15 that are structural in nature, in existing facilities, and transportation  
16 barriers in existing vehicles and rail passenger cars used by an  
17 establishment for transporting individuals (not including barriers that  
18 can only be removed through the retrofitting of vehicles or rail  
19 passenger cars by the installation of a hydraulic or other lift), where  
20 such removal is readily achievable. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(b)(2)(A)(iv).

21 d. A failure to make alterations in such a manner that, to the maximum  
22 extent feasible, the altered portions of the facility are readily  
23 accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities, including  
24 individuals who use wheelchairs or to ensure that, to the maximum  
25 extent feasible, the path of travel to the altered area and the  
26 bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains serving the altered  
27 area, are readily accessible to and usable by individuals with  
28 disabilities where such alterations to the path or travel or the

1                   bathrooms, telephones, and drinking fountains serving the altered area  
2                   are not disproportionate to the overall alterations in terms of cost and  
3                   scope. 42 U.S.C. § 12183(a)(2).

4           21.   Where parking spaces are provided, accessible parking spaces shall be  
5   provided. 1991 ADA Standards § 4.1.2(5); 2010 ADA Standards § 208. One in every  
6   eight accessible spaces, but not less than one, shall be served by an access aisle 96 in  
7   (2440 mm) wide minimum and shall be designated “van accessible.” 1991 ADA  
8   Standards § 4.1.2(5)(b). For every six or fraction of six parking spaces, at least one shall  
9   be a van accessible parking space. 2010 ADA Standards § 208.2.4.

10          22.   Under the ADA, the method and color of marking are to be addressed by  
11   State or local laws or regulations. See 36 C.F.R., Part 1191. Under the California  
12   Building Code (“CBC”), the parking space identification signs shall include the  
13   International Symbol of Accessibility. Parking identification signs shall be reflectorized  
14   with a minimum area of 70 square inches. Additional language or an additional sign  
15   below the International Symbol of Accessibility shall state “Minimum Fine \$250.” A  
16   parking space identification sign shall be permanently posted immediately adjacent and  
17   visible from each parking space, shall be located with its centerline a maximum of 12  
18   inches from the centerline of the parking space and may be posted on a wall at the  
19   interior end of the parking space. See CBC § 11B-502.6, et seq.

20          23.   Moreover, an additional sign shall be posted either in a conspicuous place at  
21   each entrance to an off-street parking facility or immediately adjacent to on-site  
22   accessible parking and visible from each parking space. The additional sign shall not be  
23   less than 17 inches wide by 22 inches high. The additional sign shall clearly state in  
24   letters with a minimum height of 1 inch the following: “Unauthorized vehicles parked in  
25   designated accessible spaces not displaying distinguishing placards or special license  
26   plates issued for persons with disabilities will be towed away at the owner’s expense...”  
27   See CBC § 11B-502.8, et seq.

1           24. Here, Defendants failed to provide the signs stating, "Minimum Fine \$250."  
2 Moreover, Defendants failed to provide the additional sign with the specific language  
3 stating "Unauthorized vehicles parked in designated accessible spaces not displaying  
4 distinguishing placards or special license plates issued for persons with disabilities will  
5 be towed away at the owner's expense..."

6           25. For the parking spaces, access aisles shall be marked with a blue painted  
7 borderline around their perimeter. The area within the blue borderlines shall be marked  
8 with hatched lines a maximum of 36 inches (914 mm) on center in a color contrasting  
9 with that of the aisle surface, preferably blue or white. The words "NO PARKING" shall  
10 be painted on the surface within each access aisle in white letters a minimum of 12 inches  
11 (305 mm) in height and located to be visible from the adjacent vehicular way. CBC §  
12 11B-502.3.3.

13           26. Here, Defendants failed to provide a proper access aisle as there were no  
14 "NO PARKING" markings painted on the parking surface. Moreover, Defendants failed  
15 to provide the access aisle with the minimum width of 96 inches.

16           27. Under the 1991 Standards, parking spaces and access aisles must be level  
17 with surface slopes not exceeding 1:50 (2%) in all directions. 1991 Standards § 4.6.2.  
18 Accessible parking spaces shall be at least 96 in (2440 mm) wide. Parking access aisles  
19 shall be part of an accessible route to the building or facility entrance and shall comply  
20 with 4.3. Two accessible parking spaces may share a common access aisle. Parked  
21 vehicle overhangs shall not reduce the clear width of an accessible route. Parking spaces  
22 and access aisles shall be level with surface slopes not exceeding 1:50 (2%) in all  
23 directions. 1991 Standards § 4.6.3.

24           28. Here, the access aisle is not level with the parking spaces. Under the 2010  
25 Standards, access aisles shall be at the same level as the parking spaces they serve.  
26 Changes in level are not permitted. 2010 Standards § 502.4. "Access aisles are required  
27 to be nearly level in all directions to provide a surface for transfer to and from vehicles."  
28 2010 Standards § 502.4 Advisory. Id. No more than a 1:48 slope is permitted.



1           29. A public accommodation shall maintain in operable working condition those  
2 features of facilities and equipment that are required to be readily accessible to and usable  
3 by persons with disabilities by the Act or this part. 28 C.F.R. 35.211(a).

4           30. By failing to maintain the facility to be readily accessible and usable by  
5 Plaintiff, Defendants are in violation of Plaintiff's rights under the ADA and its related  
6 regulations.

7           31. The Business has denied and continues to deny full and equal access to  
8 Plaintiff and to other people with disabilities. Plaintiff has been and will continue to be  
9 discriminated against due to the lack of accessible facilities, and therefore, seeks  
10 injunctive relief to alter facilities to make such facilities readily accessible to and usable  
11 by individuals with disabilities.

## 12                                   **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

### 13                                   **VIOLATION OF THE UNRUH CIVIL RIGHTS ACT**

14           32. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
15 paragraphs in this complaint.

16           33. California Civil Code § 51 states, "All persons within the jurisdiction of this  
17 state are free and equal, and no matter what their sex, race, color, religion, ancestry,  
18 national origin, disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, sexual  
19 orientation, citizenship, primary language, or immigration status are entitled to the full  
20 and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services in all business  
21 establishments of every kind whatsoever."

22           34. California Civil Code § 52 states, "Whoever denies, aids or incites a denial,  
23 or make any discrimination or distinction contrary to Section 51, 51.5, or 51.6, is liable  
24 for each and every offense for the actual damages, and any amount that may be  
25 determined by a jury, or a court sitting without a jury, up to a maximum of three times the  
26 amount of actual damage but in no case less than four thousand dollars (\$4,000) and any  
27 attorney's fees that may be determined by the court in addition thereto, suffered by any  
28 person denied the rights provided in Section 51, 51.5, or 51.6.



1           35. California Civil Code § 51(f) specifies, “a violation of the right of any  
2 individual under federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336)  
3 shall also constitute a violation of this section.”

4           36. The actions and omissions of Defendants alleged herein constitute a denial  
5 of full and equal accommodation, advantages, facilities, privileges, or services by  
6 physically disabled persons within the meaning of California Civil Code §§ 51 and 52.  
7 Defendants have discriminated against Plaintiff in violation of California Civil Code §§  
8 51 and 52.

9           37. The violations of the Unruh Civil Rights Act caused Plaintiff to experience  
10 difficulty, discomfort, or embarrassment. The Defendants are also liable for statutory  
11 damages as specified in California Civil Code §55.56(a)-(c).

12                               **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

13                               **VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA DISABLED PERSONS ACT**

14           38. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
15 paragraphs in this complaint.

16           39. California Civil Code § 54.1(a) states, “Individuals with disabilities shall be  
17 entitled to full and equal access, as other members of the general public, to  
18 accommodations, advantages, facilities, medical facilities, including hospitals, clinics,  
19 and physicians’ offices, and privileges of all common carriers, airplanes, motor vehicles,  
20 railroad trains, motorbuses, streetcars, boats, or any other public conveyances or modes  
21 of transportation (whether private, public, franchised, licensed, contracted, or otherwise  
22 provided), telephone facilities, adoption agencies, private schools, hotels, loading places,  
23 places of public accommodations, amusement, or resort, and other places in which the  
24 general public is invited, subject only to the conditions and limitations established by  
25 law, or state or federal regulation, and applicable alike to all persons.

26           40. California Civil Code § 54.3(a) states, “Any person or persons, firm or  
27 corporation who denies or interferes with admittance to or enjoyment of public facilities  
28 as specified in Sections 54 and 54.1 or otherwise interferes with the rights of an

1 individual with a disability under Sections 54, 54.1 and 54.2 is liable for each offense for  
2 the actual damages, and any amount as may be determined by a jury, or a court sitting  
3 without a jury, up to a maximum of three times the amount of actual damages but in no  
4 case less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and any attorney's fees that may be  
5 determined by the court in addition thereto, suffered by any person denied the rights  
6 provided in Section 54, 54.1, and 54.2.

7 41. California Civil Code § 54(d) specifies, "a violation of the right of an  
8 individual under Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-336) also  
9 constitute a violation of this section, and nothing in this section shall be construed to limit  
10 the access of any person in violation of that act.

11 42. The actions and omissions of Defendants alleged herein constitute a denial  
12 of full and equal accommodation, advantages, and facilities by physically disabled  
13 persons within the meaning of California Civil Code § 54. Defendants have  
14 discriminated against Plaintiff in violation of California Civil Code § 54.

15 43. The violations of the California Disabled Persons Act caused Plaintiff to  
16 experience difficulty, discomfort, and embarrassment. The Defendants are also liable for  
17 statutory damages as specified in California Civil Code §55.56(a)-(c).

18 **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

19 **CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE § 19955, et seq.**

20 44. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
21 paragraphs in this complaint.

22 45. Plaintiff and other similar physically disabled persons who require the use of  
23 a wheelchair are unable to use public facilities on a "full and equal" basis unless each  
24 such facility is in compliance with the provisions of California Health & Safety Code §  
25 19955 et seq. Plaintiff is a member of the public whose rights are protected by the  
26 provisions of California Health & Safety Code § 19955 et seq.

27 46. The purpose of California Health & Safety Code § 1995 et seq. is to ensure  
28 that public accommodations or facilities constructed in this state with private funds

1 adhere to the provisions of Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 4450) of Division 5 of  
2 Title 1 of the Government Code. The code relating to such public accommodations also  
3 require that “when sanitary facilities are made available for the public, clients, or  
4 employees in these stations, centers, or buildings, they shall be made available for  
5 persons with disabilities.

6 47. Title II of the ADA holds as a “general rule” that no individual shall be  
7 discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of goods  
8 (or use), services, facilities, privileges, and accommodations offered by any person who  
9 owns, operates, or leases a place of public accommodation. 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a).  
10 Further, each and every violation of the ADA also constitutes a separate and distinct  
11 violation of California Civil Code §§ 54(c) and 54.1(d), thus independently justifying an  
12 award of damages and injunctive relief pursuant to California law, including but not  
13 limited to Civil Code § 54.3 and Business and Professions Code § 17200, et seq.

#### 14 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

##### 15 **NEGLIGENCE**

16 48. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each of the allegations in all prior  
17 paragraphs in this complaint.

18 49. Defendants have a general duty and a duty under the ADA, Unruh Civil  
19 Rights Act and California Disabled Persons Act to provide safe and accessible facilities  
20 to the Plaintiff.

21 50. Defendants breached their duty of care by violating the provisions of ADA,  
22 Unruh Civil Rights Act and California Disabled Persons Act.

23 51. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants’ negligent conduct, Plaintiff  
24 has suffered damages.

#### 25 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

26 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully prays for relief and judgment against  
27 Defendants as follows:  
28

1           1.     For preliminary and permanent injunction directing Defendants to comply  
2 with the Americans with Disability Act and the Unruh Civil Rights Act;

3           2.     Award of all appropriate damages, including but not limited to statutory  
4 damages, general damages and treble damages in amounts, according to proof;

5           3.     Award of all reasonable restitution for Defendants' unfair competition  
6 practices;

7           4.     Reasonable attorney's fees, litigation expenses, and costs of suit in this  
8 action;

9           5.     Prejudgment interest pursuant to California Civil Code § 3291; and

10          6.     Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

11                               **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

12          Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby  
13 demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

14  
15 Dated: April 21, 2025

SO. CAL. EQUAL ACCESS GROUP

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18 By: /s/ Jason J. Kim  
19 Jason J. Kim, Esq.  
20 Attorneys for Plaintiff  
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